

CHAPTER 8 - EMERGENCY CONSULTATION

8.1 THE NEED FOR EMERGENCY CONSULTATION

Section 7 regulations recognize that an emergency (natural disaster or other calamity) may require expedited consultation (50 CFR §402.05).

Where emergency actions are required that may affect listed species and/or critical habitats, a Federal agency may not have the time for the administrative work required by the consultation regulations under non-emergency conditions. Emergency consultations should be handled with as much understanding of the action agency's critical mission as possible while ensuring that anticipated actions will not violate sections 7(a)(2) or 7(d). Emergency consultation procedures allow action agencies to incorporate endangered species concerns into their actions during the response to an emergency.

An emergency is a situation involving an act of God, disasters, casualties, national defense or security emergencies, etc., and includes response activities that must be taken to prevent imminent loss of human life or property. Predictable events, like those covered in Emergency Use Permits issued by the Environmental Protection Agency for pesticide applications, usually do not qualify as emergencies under the section 7 regulations unless there is a significant unexpected human health risk. Under no circumstances should a Services representative obstruct an emergency response decision made by the action agency where human life is at stake.

8.2 PROCEDURES FOR HANDLING EMERGENCY CONSULTATIONS

(A) Initial Contact by the Action Agency

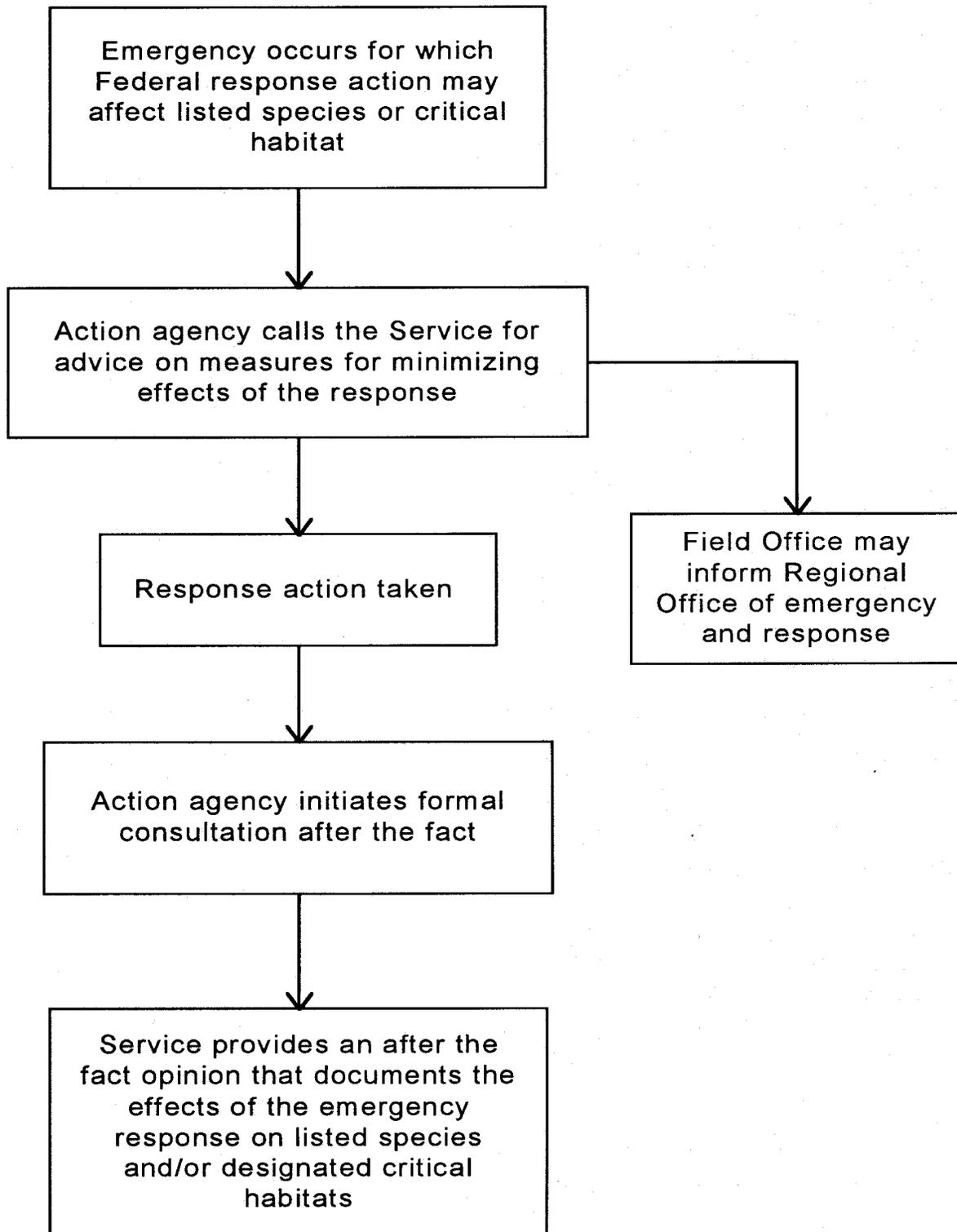
The initial stages of emergency consultations usually are done by telephone or facsimile, followed as soon as possible (within 48 hours if possible) by written correspondence from the Services. This provides the Services with an accurate record of the telephone contact. This record also provides the requesting agency with a formal document reminding them of the commitments made during the initial step in emergency consultation (Figure 8-1). During this initial contact, or soon thereafter, the Services' role is to offer recommendations to minimize the effects of the emergency response action on listed species or their critical habitat (the informal consultation phase). DO NOT stand in the way of the response efforts.

If this initial review indicates the action may result in **jeopardy** or **adverse modification**, and no means of reducing or avoiding this effect are apparent, the agency should be so advised, and the Services' conclusions documented.

Project leaders should establish procedures (e.g., a calling tree) within their offices outlining who can be called to handle the emergency consultation. Once these procedures have been established, they should be provided to all Federal agencies in that operating area responsible for handling emergency situations (e.g., Coast Guard, Environmental Protection Agency, and Federal Emergency Management Agency) and any other Federal agencies with responsibilities in the operating area.

The FWS Field Office conducting the consultation should notify the FWS Assistant Regional Director responsible for endangered species and/or the ecosystem at risk, following timeframes established by FWS Regional guidance. The notification should be in memo form, following the format outlined in Exhibit 8-1. Early telephone notification may be required. For NMFS, the Regional Director should notify the Director, Office of Protected Resources.

Figure 8-1. Emergency Consultation Process.



(B) Initiating Formal Consultation

As soon as practicable after the emergency is under control, the action agency initiates formal consultation with the Services if listed species or critical habitat have been adversely affected. Although formal consultation occurs after the response to the emergency, procedurally it is treated like any other formal consultation. However, the action agency has to provide additional information to initiate a formal consultation following an emergency:

- o a description of the emergency;
- o a justification for the expedited consultation; and
- o an evaluation of the response to and the impacts of the emergency on affected species and their habitats, including documentation of how the Services' recommendations were implemented, and the results of implementation in minimizing take.

(C) Emergency Biological Opinion

After concluding formal consultation on an emergency, the Services issue an emergency biological opinion. The "effects of the action" section, documents the recommendations provided by the Services to the action agency and the results of agency implementation of the recommendations on listed species. The timeframe, format and contents are the same as for formal consultation (Chapter 4). A sample of standardized language for an emergency consultation document can be found in Appendix B. The standardized statements for formal consultation have been modified to reflect that this is, in most cases, an after-the-fact consultation.

Documenting **jeopardy** and **adverse modification** biological opinions is particularly important to tracking the effect on species and habitat conditions. For FWS, emergency biological opinions with the conclusion of "not likely to jeopardize" the species or "not likely to result in destruction or **adverse modification** of critical habitat" are completed at the Field Office level. However, if the conclusion is likely **jeopardy** or **adverse modification**, the consultation is elevated to the Regional Office. Such a finding may not have a reasonable and prudent alternative available, unless some further action can restore or enhance the species to a level below the **jeopardy** threshold. For NMFS, emergency opinions are signed in Washington by the Director, Office of Protected Resources, except where a specific Region has been delegated signature authority (i.e., Northwest and Southwest Regions have been delegated signature authority for anadromous fish).

(D) Incidental Take Statement

If incidental take is anticipated during the emergency response, the Services can advise the action agency during the informal consultation phase of ways to minimize take. In some circumstances, the actual or estimated take occurring from the agency's emergency response actions can be determined, and should be documented in the biological opinion for future inclusion in the species' environmental baseline. The incidental take statement in an emergency consultation does not include reasonable and prudent measures or terms and conditions to minimize take, unless the agency has an ongoing action related to the emergency. Rather, an emergency consultation incidental take statement documents the recommendations given to minimize take during informal consultation, the success of the agency in carrying out these recommendations, and the ultimate effects on the species of concern through take.

(E) Conservation Recommendations

Emergency consultations may contain conservation recommendations to help protect listed species and their habitats in future emergency situations or initiate beneficial actions to conserve the species.

Note: While the timing of "emergencies" is unpredictable, the types of emergencies that may affect listed species or critical habitat can be determined in advance. Emergency response actions are routinely practiced by responsible Federal agencies. Advance coordination with responsible Federal agencies is encouraged so that endangered species components can be incorporated into the emergency response where appropriate.

Exhibit 8-1. FWS Emergency consultation notification memorandum to the Regional Office (optional).

(date)

Memorandum

To: Assistant Regional Director, Region __ (number) __

From: Field Supervisor, ____ (name of Field Office) ____

Subject: Emergency Consultation on ____ (name of Federal action) ____.

This office has completed an informal emergency consultation. The following information summarizes the location of the emergency, nature of the emergency, listed species and critical habitat(s) involved, and how those species and habitats are likely to be affected by the emergency.

Date of Contact:

Time:

Contact(s) Name:

Agency:

Contact(s) Title:

Nature of the Emergency:

Species/Critical Habitats in the Area:

Anticipated Effects:

Recommendations Given the Contact: